Name: _____

Date: _____ Grade: _____

SECTION QUIZ 2-1



Remember:
Score an 85% or higher on all three quizzes, and you may be exempt from the chapter test!



Congratulations! You have completed this section!
Answer the following questions to test your understanding of the material. When you are finished, hand in your quiz to your teacher. Each answer is worth 1.67 points.

FROM THE VIGNETTE
Fill in the blank: Write the correct answer.

1. In the exchange between the teacher and the students, what two cultures were discussed? _____
2. The blind men of Indostan argued over the appearance of what animal? _____
3. _____ was the name of a famous American blues singer who also performed on Broadway, was nominated for acting awards and traveled with Billy Graham.
4. How did Hollis Maynell and John Blanchard communicate while John was overseas as a soldier in World War II? _____
5. What kind of puzzle was invented by Arthur Wynne that required that the participants "Fill in the small squares with words which agree with the . . . definition"? _____

WORD POWER!
Fill in the blank: Complete the sentences with words from each Word Bank.

6-10. ***anthropologist barbarous civilized analogy plundered***

The _____ made an _____ between the _____ tribes that _____ the countrysides and the _____ culture of the Chinese who were devoted to discipline and study.

11-16. ***bawled quothed theologic disputant prated false analogy***

The _____ in the _____ debate _____ and _____ as he _____ his _____.

17-21. ***domestic worker vaudeville secular blues evangelist***

The _____ _____ watched the _____ in which an _____ sang the _____.

22-25. ***Grand Central Station intrigued correspond provocative***

_____ with the _____ question, the young man committed to _____ with the clerk who worked at _____.

26-30. ***devised rebus hyphen typesetting editor***

The _____ _____ a _____ that required a _____ in the _____.

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ENGLISH WRITING SKILLS

Multiple Choice: Choose the best answer.

31. An analogy is: _____.
    (a) a story (b) a comparison (c) a formula

32. In word analogies, both pairs of words should have the same: _____.
    (a) relationship (b) length (c) syllables

33. What is a false analogy? _____
    _____
    (a) an analogy in which the statement is not true based on moral principles
    (b) an analogy in which the relationship between the word pairs is not congruent/same
    (c) an analogy in which one of the word pairs does not mention an animal or person

34. The words _____ are used when drawing analogies.
    (a) true; false
    (b) comparison; relationship
    (c) like; as

35. The process of elimination involves: _____
    _____.
    (a) narrowing the possible answers by rejecting certain elements until the correct answer is revealed
    (b) rearranging letters, words or phrases to form new words or phrases
    (c) expressing relationships in the analogical formula (A : B :: C : D) or "A" is to "B" as "C" is to "D"

36. An anagram involves: _____.
    (a) rearranging letters, words or phrases to form new words or phrases
    (b) narrowing the possible answers by rejecting certain elements until the correct answer is revealed
    (c) writing the formula (A : B :: C : D) or "A" is to "B" as "C" is to "D" so that the names of cities, states and animals are revealed and riddles are answered

37. Choose the best example of a "same type" analogy. _____
    (a) cup : drink :: keyboard : type
    (b) death : life :: dry : moist
    (c) man : woman :: mare : stallion

38. Choose the best example of a "cause/effect" analogy. _____
    (a) steal : punishment :: give : praise
    (b) food : hungry :: water : thirsty
    (c) ice : solid :: fire : gas

39. Choose the best example of an "is used to" analogy. _____
    (a) eye : see :: ear : hear
    (b) orange : sunset :: white : moon
    (c) letter : stationery :: pillow : quilt

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***Multiple Choice** continued*

40. Choose the best example of a "without" analogy. _____
    (a) ignorant : education :: dumb : speech
    (b) cold : warmth :: tall : short
    (c) silent : music :: full : food

41. Choose the best example of an "is a place where" analogy. _____
    (a) school : standing :: choir : sitting
    (b) library : book :: pond : fish
    (c) art : smart :: cart : dart

42. Choose the best example of a synonym analogy. _____
    (a) elephant : trunk :: tree : trunk
    (b) singer : performer :: Ethel Waters : Sidney Poitier
    (c) feline : cat :: canine : dog

43. Choose the best example of an antonym analogy. _____
    (a) too : two :: four : fore
    (b) letter : write :: train : ride
    (c) start : stop :: fall : ascend

44. Choose the best example of a descriptive analogy. _____
    (a) crossword : puzzle :: anagram : acronym
    (b) road : curved :: car : fast
    (c) horse : grass :: cat : mouse

45. Choose the best example of a "part to whole" analogy. _____
    (a) barbarian : tribe :: civilized person :: citizen
    (b) talon : foot :: hair : wig
    (c) neurosurgeon : brain :: ophthalmologist : eye

46. Choose the best example of an "item to category" analogy. _____
    (a) cotton : pick :: fish : catch
    (b) man : human :: car : vehicle
    (c) puzzle : solve :: newspaper : read

47. Choose the best example of an homophones analogy. _____
    (a) plunder : raid :: eat : consume
    (b) funny : sad :: nice : unkind
    (c) shear : sheer :: pare : pear

Multiple Choice: Choose the best answer to complete each analogy.

48. (barbarian : civilized) :: (_____)
    (a) ancient : medieval (b) bicycle : tricycle (c) ignorant : educated

49. (elephant : jungle) :: (_____ : _____)
    (a) horse : prairie (b) car : garage (c) fishing pole : twine

50. (evangelist : preacher) :: (_____ : _____)
    (a) blues : jazz (b) Oscar : nomination (c) actor : performer

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SECTION QUIZ 2-1

Read the following commentary and answer the questions.

> Compromise never works. We always get burned. Even though we rationalize around our weak decisions and tell ourselves that wicked associations really won't harm us ("they'll get better, our good will rub off their bad!"), we get soiled in the process.
>
> If you put on a pair of clean white gloves on a rainy day and then go out into the back yard to the flower bed and pick up a glob of mud, trust me, the mud will never get "glovey." The gloves will definitely get muddy. Every time. In all my sixty-plus years on earth, I have never seen glovey mud. Not once. In simple terms . . . . "Do not be deceived: 'Bad company corrupts good morals.'"
>
> —Chuck Swindoll

51. The author compared: _____
_____.
(a) muddy gloves to a rainy day
(b) compromise to muddy gloves
(c) compromise to morals

52. Draw an analogy between the soiling of gloves and the soiling of good morals. You may write the analogy in a sentence, such as (_____ is to _____ as _____ is to _____) or in a formula, such as (_____ : _____ :: _____ : _____).
_____
_____
_____
_____

Use the process of elimination to find the word that does not belong, and write it in the blank.

53. plunder	education	justice	law/order	_____
54. elephant	buffalo	python	tiger	_____
55. singer	actor	preacher	surgeon	_____
56. rose	tulip	fern	magnolia	_____
57. crossword	instructions	riddle	anagram	_____

LIFE PRINCIPLES

Fill in the blank: Complete the Life Principles.

58. *"The best way to avoid worry is to live right and make _____ decisions."*

59. *"We are all _____."*

60. *"Don't sacrifice your _____ by insisting on immediate pleasure."*

Ask your teacher to apply the Extra Credit Points you earned for Lessons 1-5.

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